



**PARASOL**

*Proteinuria and GFR as Clinical Trial Endpoints in  
Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis*

Interim Meeting  
June 8-9, 2024

# Analysis Chapters

# Description of analysis populations (1/11)

## **UoM Master Dataset: Populations**

- All, Incident, Prevalent

## **Description of populations**

- Baseline + follow up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc
- Venn diagram of population

## **Validation & external populations**

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

# Evaluation of Intermediate-term change in eGFR-based endpoints (2/11)

## UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- All, incident, prevalent

## Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, media, etc
- Note: Populations may differ depending on analysis specific eligibility criteria
  - If so, comparison of included/excluded groups

## Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

## Analyses

### eGFR endpoints (24, 36 & 48 months post-index)

- Mixed effects linear regression models with participant-specific intercepts and slopes
- Polynomial functions of time from index
- MMRM



Select eGFR endpoint(s) to apply in association analyses

# Association of Intermediate-term change in eGFR endpoints vs. KF endpoints (3/11)

## UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- All, incident, prevalent
- Selected sub-groups
  - Peds, adults, CKD12, CKD345, genetic FSGS, UPCR  $\geq 1.5$  g/g -  $< 3.5$  g/g, UPCR  $\geq 3.5$  g/g, nephrotic, non-nephrotic

## Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc

## Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

## Analyses

### eGFR endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 2
- 24, 36 & 48 months

**VS.**

### KF endpoint(s)

- KF +/- 50% decline in eGFR

# Application of **intermediate-term change in eGFR-based endpoints** as primary endpoint in phase 3 trial: Sample size and treatment effect requirements (4/11)

## UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- All, incident, prevalent
- **Selected sub-groups**
  - Base on chapter 3 findings

## Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc
- Comparison of eGFR decline of populations and sub-groups over trial period (ie representing control group)

## Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

## Analyses

### eGFR endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 2
- **Sample size and treatment effect requirements based on standard phase 3 assumptions**

# Evaluating early-term change in proteinuria vs. intermediate-term change in eGFR & KF endpoints: Accelerated approval pathway (5/11)

## UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- All, incident, prevalent

## Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc

## Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

## Analyses

### Proteinuria endpoint(s)

- 0-12 month time window
- Last proteinuria value, TW-Proteinuria
- % change, Classical CR/PR, FPR, Thresholds

**VS.**

### eGFR endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 2
- 24, 30 & 36 months

**VS.**

### KF endpoint(s)

- KF +/- 50% decline in eGFR

**Note: Inform on endpoints to apply in sub-group analyses (Chapter 6)**

# Sub-group analyses of **early-term change in proteinuria** vs. **intermediate-term change in eGFR & KF endpoints**: Accelerated approval pathway (6/11)

## UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- Selected sub-groups (based on chapter 5 findings)
  - Peds, adults, CKD12, CKD345, genetic FSGS, UPCR  $\geq 1.5$  g/g -  $< 3.5$  g/g, UPCR  $\geq 3.5$  g/g, nephrotic, non-nephrotic

## Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc

## Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

## Analyses

### Proteinuria endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 5
- 0-12 months

**VS.**

### eGFR endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 5

### KF endpoint(s)

- KF +/- 50% decline in eGFR

# Describing quantitative models for **early-term change in proteinuria vs. intermediate-term eGFR change**: Accelerated approval pathway (7/11)

## UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- Selected populations & sub-groups (based on chapter 5 & 6 findings)

## Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc

## Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

## Analyses

### Proteinuria endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 5
- 0-12 months

**VS.**

### eGFR endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 5
- 24, 36 & 48 months



# Evaluating intermediate-term change in proteinuria vs. KF endpoints:

## Traditional approval pathway (8/11)

### UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- All, incident, prevalent

### Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc

### Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

### Analyses

#### Proteinuria endpoint(s)

- 6-24 months
- Last proteinuria value, TW-Proteinuria
- % change, Classical CR/PR, FPR, Thresholds

**VS.**

#### eGFR endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 2
- 24 & 36 months

**VS.**

#### KF endpoint(s)

- KF +/- 50% decline in eGFR

**Note: Inform on endpoints to apply in sub-group analyses (Chapter 9)**

# Sub-group analyses of intermediate-term change in proteinuria vs. KF endpoints:

## Traditional approval pathway (9/11)

### UoM Master Dataset: Populations

- Selected sub-groups (based on chapter 8 findings)
  - Peds, adults, CKD12, CKD345, genetic FSGS, UPCR  $\geq 1.5$  g/g -  $< 3.5$  g/g, UPCR  $\geq 3.5$  g/g, nephrotic, non-nephrotic

### Description of analysis populations

- Baseline + follow-up characteristics
  - Includes details on number of values, median, etc

### Validation & external populations

- Repeat analyses conducted on UoM master dataset

### Analyses

#### Proteinuria endpoint(s)

- 6-24 months
- Last proteinuria value, TW-Proteinuria
- % change, Classical CR/PR, FPR, Thresholds

**VS.**

#### eGFR endpoint(s)

- Selected from Chapter 2
- 24 & 36 months

**VS.**

#### KF endpoint(s)

- KF +/- 50% decline in eGFR

# Sensitivity analyses (10/11)

## UPCR vs UACR

- Selected outputs comparing UPCR vs UACR data OR outputs excluding UACR data (if >25% of all proteinuria data)
- Compare baseline and follow-up characteristics

## Rich vs poor follow-up data

- Selected outputs comparing data stratified on richness of proteinuria and eGFR data
- Compare baseline and follow-up characteristics

## Winsorizing of eGFR

- Selected outputs comparing application of winsorizing of eGFR values >120 vs no winsorizing

## Death in long-term outcomes endpoint

- Selected outputs that include death in long term outcomes (KF +/- 50% decline in eGFR)

## Additional sub-group analyses

- Biopsy data-driven subgroups
- Medication data-driven subgroups
- Diagnosis – level of evidence sub-grouping

# Meta-analyses (11/11)

- **To be** thought through

